# Overcoming Hurdles

**Insurance, Scripts, and Specialty Pharmacy** 











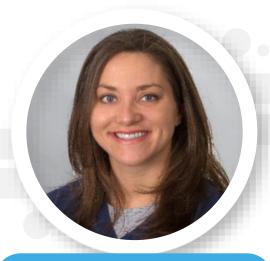
## INTRODUCING...





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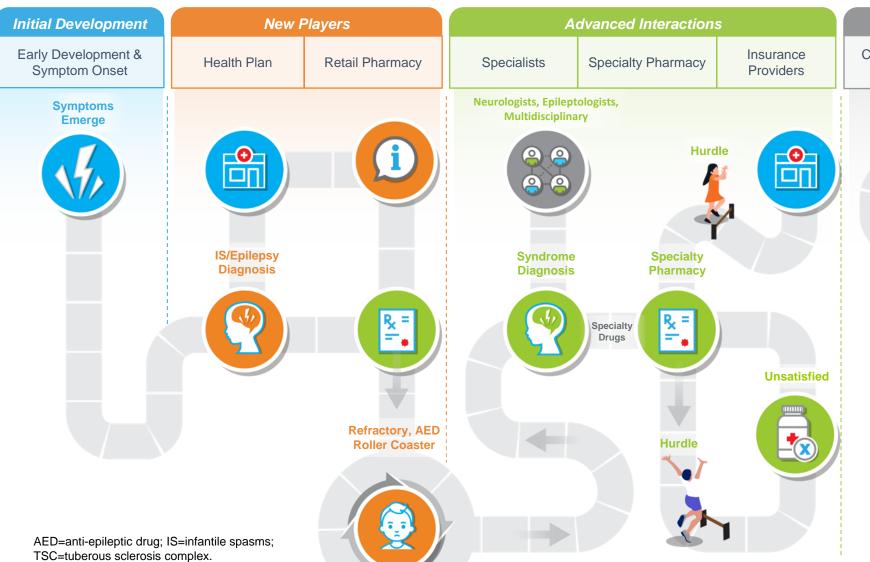
**Jeff Krol** 

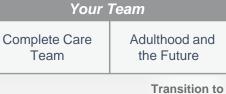
VP, Market Access & Payer Strategy Greenwich Biosciences



**GREENWICH** 













Adulthood

Decision Planning

Transition to Adulthood





Initial Development

Early Development & Symptom Onset

Symptoms Emerge



New Players

Advanced Interactions

Specialty Pharmacy

Insurance Providers

Adulthood a the Future



TSC symptoms show up differently in every individual with TSC resulting in many drug therapies



#### **Brain**

- Anti-epileptic drugs (AEDs) for seizures<sup>1</sup>
- Immunotherapies (mTOR)<sup>2,3</sup>



#### Skin

 Topical treatments for skin conditions<sup>5</sup>



#### Heart

- Agents that reduce fluid buildup<sup>7</sup>
- Blood pressure agents<sup>7</sup>



#### **Kidneys**

- Blood pressure agents<sup>4</sup>
- Low-protein diets<sup>4</sup>
- Immunotherapies (mTOR) <sup>2,3</sup>



#### Lungs

 Immunotherapies for lung disease<sup>6</sup>

mTOR=mechanistic target of rapamycin.







#### **Common Jargon**

#### **Cost Sharing**

- Deductible
- Co-insurance
- Copay
- Out of pocket
- Out of network

#### **Health Care Services**

- Pharmacy Benefit Manager (PBM)
- Health plan
- Specialist consult
- Genetic testing

#### **Pharmacy**

- Formulary & Tier
- Electronic Rx
- Side effects













# SEE LESS X

### **Common Jargon**

#### **Cost Sharing**

Deductible	The amount of money you must pay before insurance will pay a claim <sup>1</sup>
Co-insurance	Your share against a claim <sup>2</sup>
Copay	The amount you owe after insurance has paid <sup>3</sup>
Out of pocket	Money paid from your reserves <sup>4</sup>
Out of network	An HCP that doesn't have a contract with your health plan to provide service4
Health Care Services	
Pharmacy Benefit Manager (PBM)	A third-party organization that administers prescription drug benefits on behalf of health plans <sup>5</sup>
Health plan	A type of insurance coverage that pays for medical and surgical expenses incurred by the insured <sup>4</sup>
Vertical integration	The combination of two or more stages of production normally operated by separate firms, such as when health plans acquire pharmacy benefit managers or specialty pharmacies <sup>6</sup>
Specialist consult	A conversation with a doctor that specializes in a disease or body system, such as a neurologist <sup>4</sup>
Genetic testing	Type of medical test that identifies changes in chromosomes, genes, or proteins and can confirm or rule out suspected genetic conditions <sup>7</sup>
Pharmacy	
Formulary & Tier	A formulary is a list of prescription drugs covered by your health plan <sup>4</sup> A tier a category within the formulary (usually by drug type) that further divides drugs by cost <sup>4</sup>
Electronic Rx	A prescription entered into a computer that is automatically sent to a pharmacy8
Side effects	An unwanted effect from a drug that comes along with the intended effect <sup>4</sup>

LEARN, ENGAGE, DONA

## **Integrated Payer Organizations**



All 4 of the top specialty pharmacies are fully or partially owned by one of the largest PBMs and vertically integrated into large organizations

Rx = = = LEARN

Insurer

**PBM** 

Specialty Pharmacy

Provider Services



















































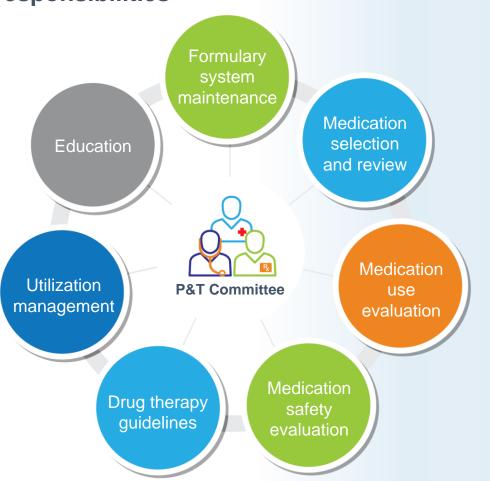




## Who Makes Coverage Decisions?



Pharmacy & Therapeutics (P&T) Committee responsibilities



#### **P&T Committee is made up of:**

- Physicians (Medical Directors)
- Pharmacists
- Nurses

#### Representing specialties such as:

- Immunology
- Oncology
- Dermatology
- Infectious disease
- Neurology

#### **Committee determines**

- Formulary
- Utilization management criteria
- Meet several times annually
- Decisions are then taken downstream to health plans, employer groups, and members







### How Are Decisions Made?





Unit cost

Discounts and rebates

FDA=US Food and Drug Administration.

Published data

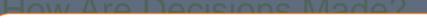
Clinical guidelines

Key opinion leaders



## **Management**

- Tier
- Utilization management





## **Utilization Management Types**

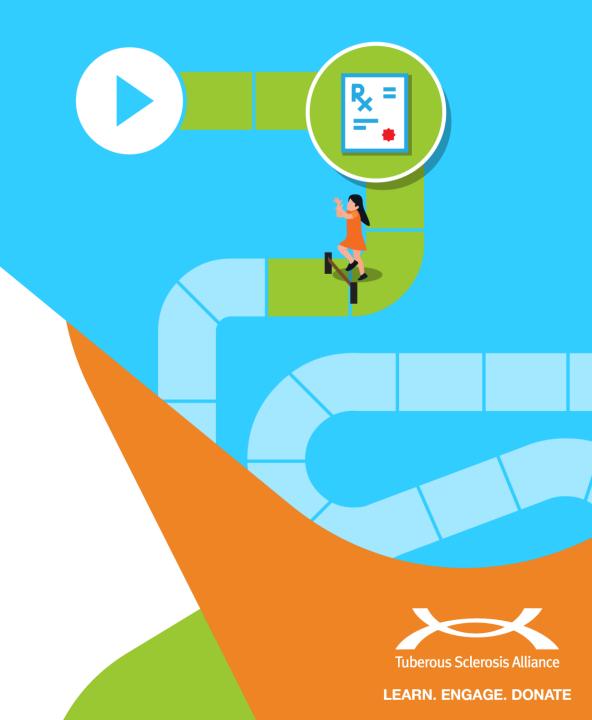
Prior Authorization (PA)	Approval from a health plan that may be required before a service or prescription is covered by a health plan <sup>1</sup>
Step Therapy	Type of prior authorization that requires use of the most preferred drug therapy before allowing other therapies <sup>2</sup>
Quantity Limit	Limit on the amount of a drug per duration of time (eg, 30 pills per 30 days) <sup>3</sup>
Medical Policy	A set of guidelines or requirements that need to be met for medical services, procedures, devices, and drugs before coverage is provided <sup>4</sup>

#### General Individual Cost Share<sup>5,6</sup>

Tier 1	Prescription drug tier with the lowest cost tier of prescription drugs, majority are generic
Tier 2	Prescription drug tier with medium-cost drugs, most are generic with some brand-name drugs
Tier 3	Prescription drug tier with higher-cost drugs, the majority are brand-name drugs and some are specialty drugs
Tier 4 or Specialty	Prescription drug tier with the highest-cost drugs, majority are specialty drugs

References: 1. HealthCare.gov. Prior authorization. Accessed January 12, 2021. https://www.cms.gov/newsroom/fact-sheets/medicare-advantage-prior-authorization/ 2. Centers for Medicare and authorization-and-step-therapy-part-b-drugs 3. Medicare Interactive.org. Accessed January 12, 2021. https://www.wellmark.com/Provider/MedPoliciesAndAuthorizations/MedicalPolicies/MedicalPolicies.aspx 5. Blue Cross Blue Shield of North Carolina. 2021. Accessed January 12, 2021. https://www.bluecrossnc.com/understanding-insurance/how-drug-benefits-work/copayment-tier-definitions#:~:text=Copayment%20prescription%20the%20Four,some%20brand%2Dname%20prescription%20drugs 6. Blue Cross Blue Shield Blue Care Network of Michigan. Updated April 27, 2020. Accessed January 12, 2020. https://www.bcbsm.com/medicare/help/understanding-plans/pharmacy-prescription-drugs/tiers.html

**Specialty Pharmacy** 

















## What Is a Specialty Pharmacy (SPP)?







A specialty pharmacy is a licensed and accredited pharmacy that provides medications for people with serious health conditions requiring complex therapies such as cancer, hepatitis, rheumatoid arthritis, HIV/AIDS, multiple sclerosis, cystic fibrosis, organ transplantation, hemophilia and other bleeding disorders, and rare diseases.<sup>1</sup>



## Why Do I Need to Use a Specialty Pharmacy?





**Health plans and PBMs use a specialty pharmacy** to better manage complex chronic conditions often treated with costly medications

The decision to require a medication be dispensed through a specialty pharmacy is impacted by both the manufacturer and the health plan and/or PBM





#### **Hurdles:**

- Providers are unaware of SPP requirement
- Individuals don't know which drugs require SPP dispensing
- Individuals don't know which SPP to use or how to find it
- Specialty pharmacies are not like retail, you typically can not just walk into one

#### **Insights:**

Locating your SPP network and specialty drugs

- Contact your health plan or PBM using healthcare card
- Online formulary through patient portal
- Manufacturer HUB for prescribed drug can often provide support



## How Does a Specialty Pharmacy Prescription Get Filled?







SPP reaches out to individual or caregiver through contact information provided on the RX.

#### First contact usually:

- Establishes disease/condition
- Walks through directions and side effects
- Provides any training needed to give the drug
- Talks about further contact from the SPP as follow-up calls
- Sets up delivery date and reimbursement with individual or caregiver





#### **Hurdles:**

- If the prescription is sent to retail pharmacy
- Prescription requires a prior authorization or some form of utilization management
- Financial impact to individual (out of pocket)

# What Happens When My Prescription Is Sent to the Wrong Pharmacy?







- Retail pharmacy gets notified that Rx must be filled at SPP but doesn't always tell members which SPP is in the their network
- With electronic Rx, doesn't really go anywhere from there
- Individual often has to contact the provider's office and tell them where to resend the Rx
- Individual must find out which SPP is in their network and let provider's office know where the Rx must be sent





- Ask your retail pharmacy if the payer noted who your specialty pharmacy provider is
- Find out which SPP is allowed to fill your prescription
- Contact your provider office and let them know the Rx must be filled at an SPP and which one they should resend the Rx to
- You may also contact the SPP identified and let them know which retail pharmacy held the original Rx and have them transfer it into the SPP. This can be quicker than involving the provider's office





## What Does It Mean When My Prescription Requires a Prior Authorization?







- Individual's age
- Diagnosis
- Previous therapy
- Prescriber (specialist)
- Safety concerns
- PA can also include requirements to try another product before receiving the requested agent (step therapy) or limit the quantity an individual may receive (quantity limit)
- If approved, an initial authorization period is assigned to the approval (usually 6-12 months).
   If denied, an individual may appeal



#### **Insights:**

- Some drugs also include reauthorization criteria, which mean conditions that must be met for individuals to continue therapy
- Your SPP will notify your provider that a PA is required and often helps the provider fill out the paperwork
- Make sure your provider has a full history of medications previously tried
- Your SPP will notify you (most often) when your PA has been approved. If it has been denied, TS Alliance has resources that can help with appeals
- Your SPP will call to set up payment and delivery
- If it has been more then 72 hours, contact your SPP and your provider's office for the status of the PA request

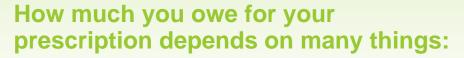




## What If I Cannot Afford My Prescription?







- Type of health plan (high deductible)
- Deductible
- Formulary tier
- Cost of your medication





#### **Insights:**

- SPP can help you locate financial assistance
- HUB by pharmaceutical company for prescribed drug can help

#### **Types of financial assistance:**

- Copay/discount card (commercial members)
- Patient assistance program (income based)
  - SPP/HUB can assist with completion of paperwork
- Foundation's Medicare members may need to ask SPP if there are any programs available for the prescribed drug





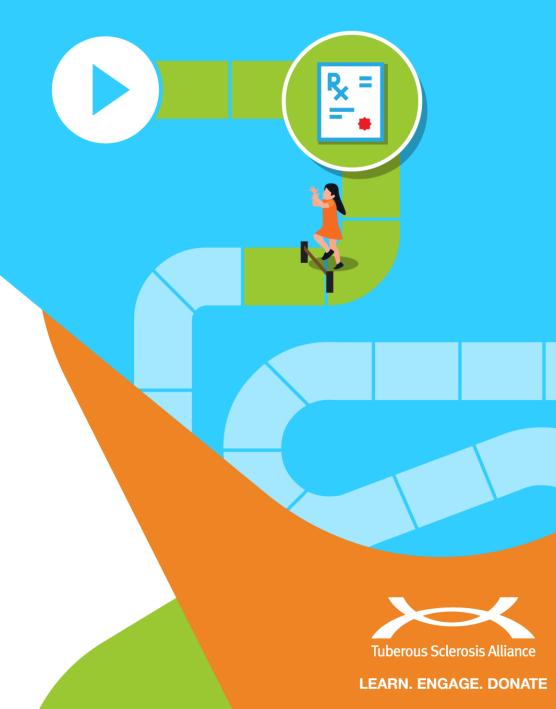
# Your Team and the Transition to Adulthood

Ashley Pounders MSN, FNP-C

Director, Medical Affairs, Tuberous Sclerosis Alliance

#### **Julie Scroggins**

Community Programs Manager, West





#### **About The TS Alliance**



The Tuberous Sclerosis Alliance (TS Alliance) was founded in 1974 and is an internationally recognized nonprofit organization dedicated to finding a cure for tuberous sclerosis complex (TSC) while improving the lives of those affected<sup>1</sup>



#### Goals

Accelerate Research

Improve Access and Quality of Care

Support and Empower Constituents Educate and Mobilize to Increase Investment

Build and Strengthen Organization



## **Current TS Alliance Partnerships**



The Alliance for Genetic Etiologies in Neurodevelopmental Disorders and Autism (AGENDA): https://www.alliancegenda.org/

American Thoracic Society Public Advisory Roundtable (ATS PAR): <a href="https://www.thoracic.org/patients/par/">https://www.thoracic.org/patients/par/</a>

The Arc: <a href="https://thearc.org/">https://thearc.org/</a>

Child Neurology Foundation: <a href="https://www.childneurologyfoundation.org/">https://www.childneurologyfoundation.org/</a>

Epilepsy Leadership Council: <a href="https://www.epilepsyleadershipcouncil.org/">https://www.epilepsyleadershipcouncil.org/</a>

Global Genes: <a href="https://globalgenes.org/">https://globalgenes.org/</a>

Infantile Spasms Action Network: <a href="https://infantilespasms.org/">https://infantilespasms.org/</a>

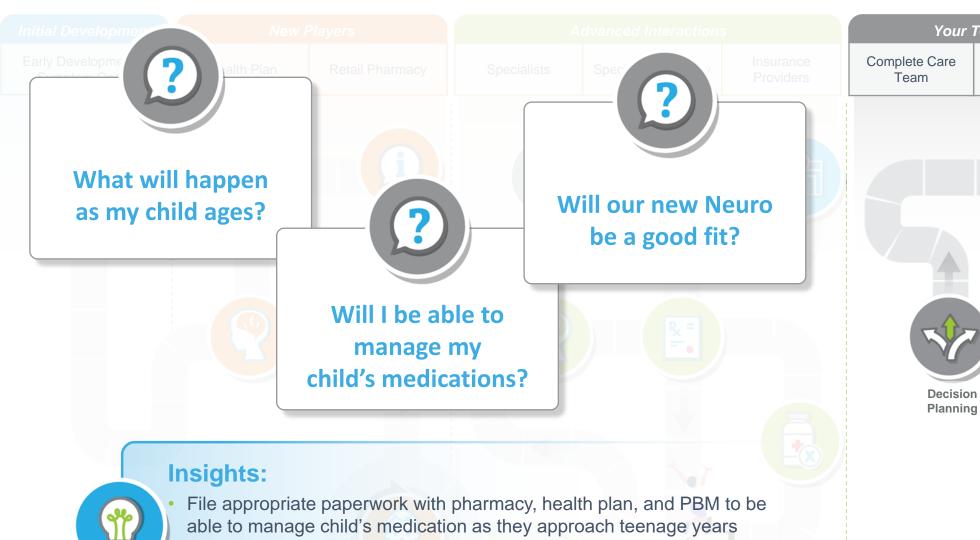
The National Organization for Rare Disorders (NORD): <a href="https://rarediseases.org">https://rarediseases.org</a>

Rare Epilepsy Network: <a href="https://www.rareepilepsynetwork.org/">https://www.rareepilepsynetwork.org/</a>

Seizure Action Plan (SAP) Coalition: <a href="https://www.seizureactionplans.org/">https://www.seizureactionplans.org/</a>







Work with a pediatric neurologist to align on an adult provider and

begin forming the relationship as child approaches their teenage years

#### Your Team Adulthood and the Future Transition to Adulthood







**Transition to** Adulthood



## Your TS Alliance Community Resources









#### **Digital Resources:**

- **Perspective magazine:** published twice yearly
- TSC Matters: bimonthly e-newsletter
- TSC Alert: monthly e-newsletter for researchers and healthcare professionals
- TSC Now: monthly podcast series
- TSC TV: webinars and videos

## 2021 Webinar Series – 28 different educational topics, including:

- Life Stages of TSC
- TSC-Associated Neuropsychiatric Disorders (TAND)
- Transitions Workshops
- Research and Clinical Trial Updates

**Landing Page** 





## Your TS Alliance Community Resources (cont'd)







#### **TSC Navigator**

- The TSC Navigator is an online portal to help guide you and your healthcare team along your TSC journey. The TS Alliance acknowledges that each person's journey is unique, therefore, bridging the gap within the existing healthcare system and decreasing the barriers to care and access to FDA-approved treatment is a priority
- The TSC Navigator is essential in providing accurate, up-to-date, highquality care support, treatment coordination, and advocacy for each need for all individuals with TSC and their families across the lifespan of TSC
- No matter where you are in your journey, the TSC Navigator is there to find the support and guidance you deserve

"Do what you can, with what you've got, where you are."1

- Theodore Roosevelt



## Your TS Alliance Support Navigators







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## Your TS Alliance Community Programs Team





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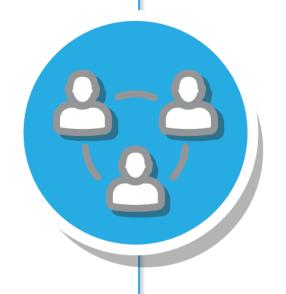
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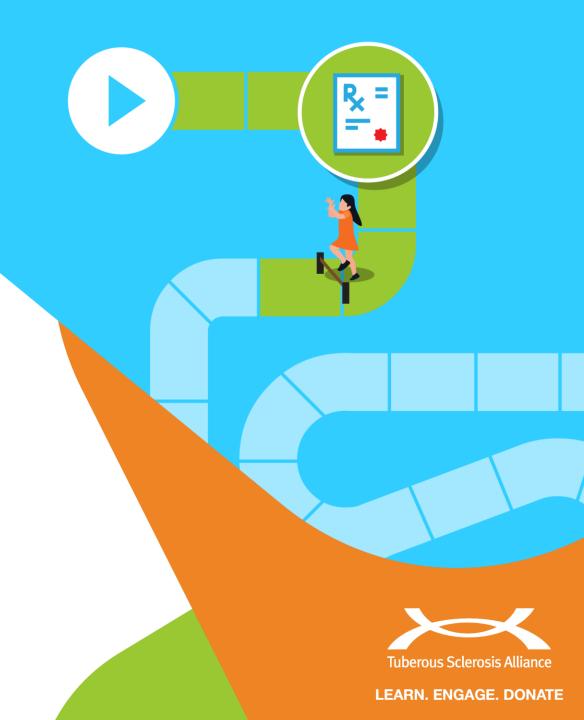
#### **Julie Scroggins**

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## **Key Takeaways**

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- Health plans and PBMs make coverage decisions through committees comprised of practicing physicians, pharmacists, and nurses
- Specialty pharmacies are used to maximize clinical outcomes in complex chronic conditions
- Be PROACTIVE in understanding your pharmacy benefits and communicating with providers
- Know which drugs require SPP dispensing and what your specialty pharmacy is
- Individuals should track when authorizations will expire and keep enough drug on hand
- SPPs can help with affordability through various program. Ask about available programs
- As adulthood approaches, supply appropriate documents in preteen years to reduce disruption
- The TS Alliance has numerous resources available for members. Contact TS Alliance Support Navigators with any questions or concerns





